

NOTE II.

ON A NEW SPECIES OF THE FAMILY CICINDELIDAE
FROM ARGENTINIA

BY

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Cicindela Ritsemae, n. sp.

E tribu *C. melaleucae* Dej., *Drakei* m., *Reedi* m., *Gormazi* Reed, *chiliensis* Brll. sed ab omnibus differt magnitudine minore, forma graciliore, elytris angustioribus, signaturis albis longitudinaliter juxta marginem confluentibus: laterali lunulae medianae parte marginem ipsum non attingente. — Long. 8—8½ mm.

Labro ut in *C. Drakei* m. formato; clypeo malisque pilosis, oculis paullo minus prominulis, fronte et ante et postice setis brevissimis hirsuta; thorace angustiore (quam in illa specie), ut longior videatur, marginibus et disco pilosis, basim versus perpaululum angustato; elytris minus latis, praesertim in medio minus dilatatis, longioribus, in angulo suturali fere rectangulari vix spinosis, subtiliter viridi-coeruleo punctatis, punctis aliquot majoribus viridibus aut viridi-aureis pone humerum et juxta suturam impressis, vitta laterali satis angusta plus minusve undulata et in angulo suturali paululum dilatata ab humero usque ad apicem producta (in quarta parte antica posticaque marginem ipsum attingente, in duabus partibus mediis spatio aliquanto ab hoc remota), hamulum brevissimum angustissimum pone humerum et fasciam flexuosam in medio intus emittente ornatis. Corpore inferiore lateraliter hirsuto, pal-

pis (summo apice excepto), trochanteribus, elytrorum episternis flavis. Tota obscure-aenea hinc inde cuprascens; femoribus, tarsis, antennarum articulis 4 primis viridescens; tibiis fere totis testaceis.

2 ♀ in montibus Argentinae (provincia Catamarca) legit 1893, Dr. H. ten Kate.

Approaches to *C. Drakei* m., but more elongate and narrower. The head and thorax are very finely sculptured and covered with short white bristles. The labrum is yellowish, short, transverse, not produced, forming in the middle a stout tooth with a more obtuse one on each side. The surface of the elytra is not very closely covered with small bluish punctures, larger greenish or coppery punctures exist near the base and parallel to the suture. The sutural angle is rectangular, the spine very short. The white markings are a little similar in form to *C. chiloleuca* Fisch., but the white border does not reach everywhere the margin, which is very characteristic. All the body dullish brown-coppery, the underside clearer; the femora tinged with golden-green, the greatest part of the tibiae and tarsi yellowish; the trochanters red. The sides of the cheeks, breast and abdomen clothed with white pubescence, the palpi and legs have tolerably many hairs.

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