

NOMENCLATURE OF SYZYGIUM GRACILE (MYRTACEAE)

J.F. VELDKAMP

Nationaal Herbarium Nederland, Universiteit Leiden branch,
P.O. Box 9514, 2300 RA Leiden, The Netherlands;
e-mail: veldkamp@nhn.leidenuniv.nl

SUMMARY

Syzygium glabratum is the correct name for *Syzygium gracile*.

Key words: *Syzygium glabratum*, *Syzygium gracile*, *Syzygium ramosissimum*, Myrtaceae, Malesia.

Ms. Amshoff (1945) coined the combination *Syzygium gracile* (Korth.) Amshoff, based on *Jambosa gracilis* Korth. (1847). She cited an apparently earlier place where the combination would have been made: the ‘Noodflora voor Java’ (1944). However, all new taxa and combinations found there must be regarded as invalid, as the Noodflora was prepared to safeguard Backer’s manuscripts in a number of places. Hence the publication in 1945 was necessary to validate some new names and taxa.

However, Amshoff also cited *Myrtus glabrata* Blume (1826–1827: 1083, ‘1088’), which is a later homonym of *M. glabrata* Sw. (1788). She was apparently not aware that Blume’s taxon was given a valid name, *Jambosa glabrata*, by De Candolle (1828), i.e. older than Korthals’ name. *Syzygium gracile* (Korth.) Amshoff is superfluous: ‘*glabratum*’ should have been used, as there seems to be no *Syzygium glabratum* then and now (IPNI, May 21, 2003).

The synonymy of the taxon is:

Syzygium glabratum [Blume] (DC.) Veldk., *comb. nov.*

Myrtus glabrata Blume, Bijdr. 17 (1826–1827) 1083, non Sw. (1788). — *Jambosa glabrata* DC., (1828) 287. — *Clavimyrtus glabrata* Blume (1850) 114. — *Eugenia blumeana* Kuntze (1891) 239, nom. nov., non *E. glabrata* DC. (1828). — Lectotype of *Clavimyrtus* Blume, designated by Merr. & Perry [(1939) 141 (‘*Myrtus glabrata* DC.’)]. — Type: *Blume* 561 (holo L, sh. 908.146-2999), designated here [Henderson, (1949) 249, said to have seen the type, but no sheet in L is marked by him].

Jambosa gracilis Korth. (1847) 202. — *Eugenia clavimyrtus* Koord. & Valeton (1900) 110, nom. superfl. — *Syzygium gracile* Amshoff in Backer [(1944) 22, nom. inval.], (1945) 500, nom. superfl.; Merr. (1950) 392; Backer & Bakh.f. (1964) 343; I.M. Turner (1996) 15; (1997, ‘1995’) 376. — Type: Korthals s.n., ‘in cultis agri bogoriensis’ [not found, but presence in L cited by Merrill (1950)].

Clavimyrtus marginata Blume (1850) 115. — *Jambosa marginata* Miq. (1855) 428. — Type: *Van Hasselt* s.n. (holo L, not found).

Clavimyrtus virens Blume (1850) 114. — *Jambosa virens* Miq. (1855) 428. — *Eugenia virens* Koord. & Valeton (1900) 113; Henderson (1949) 249, t. 47a. — Type: *Van Hasselt* s.n. (holo L, sh. 898.203-397), designated here.

Eugenia fusiformis Duthie in Hook.f. (1878) 479. — *Syzygium fusiforme* Merr. & Perry (1939) 176.
— Type: Maingay 743 (holo K).

Eugenia leptogyna C.B. Rob. (1909) 368; Merr. (1923) 368; (1950) 392. — Type: FB 6839 (*Merritt*) (holo PNH†).

Distribution — Malesia: Malay Peninsula (Johor, Malaya, Perak (Singapore), Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Bali, and the Philippines (Luzon, Mindanao, Mindoro, Negros, Palawan, Panay).

Habitat — Forests, 0–1200 m altitude.

In view of the fact that the species was described locally several times it cannot be ruled out that the assertion by the Index Kewensis is correct and that the E Indian *Eugenia ramosissima* (Blume) Duthie belongs here as well:

Clavimyrtus ramosissima Blume (1850) 115. — *Eugenia ramosissima* Wall. [(1831) 3604, nom. nud.] ex Duthie in Hook.f. (1878) 480. — *Jambosa ramosissima* A.M. & J.M. Cowan (1929) 67. — *Syzygium ramosissimum* N.P. Balakrishnan (1982, '1980') 175 ('*ramosissimum*'). — Type: Wallich Cat. 3604 (holo L, sh. 898.203-638), designated here.

Distribution — E India, Bangladesh.

REFERENCES

- Amshoff, G.H.J. 1944. Myrtaceae. In: C.A. Backer, Noodflora voor Java IV-B, 1, Fam. 98: 22. Leiden.
- Amshoff, G.H.J. 1945. Myrtaceae. In: C.A. Backer, Notes on the flora of Java II. Blumea 5: 500.
- Backer, C.A. & R.C. Bakhuizen van den Brink Jr. 1964. Flora of Java I: 343. Groningen.
- Balakrishnan, N.P. 1982 ('1980') Nomenclatural notes on some flowering plants — III. Bull. Bot. Surv. India 22: 175.
- Blume, C.L. 1826–1827. Bijdragen tot de flora van Nederlandsch-Indië 17: 1083. Batavia.
- Blume, C.L. 1850. Myrtaceae, Subord. Myrtleae. Mus. Bot. 1: 114–115.
- Cowan, A.M. & J.M. Cowan. 1929. The trees of northern Bengal: 67. Calcutta.
- De Candolle, A.P. 1828. Prodromus systematis naturalis regni vegetabilis 3: 274, 287. Paris, etc.
- Duthie, J.F. 1878. Myrtaceae. In: J.D. Hooker, Flora of British India 2: 479–480. London.
- Henderson, M.R. 1949. The genus *Eugenia* (Myrtaceae) in Malaya. Gard. Bull. Singapore 12: 249, t. 47a.
- Koorders, S.H. & T. Valeton. 1900. Bijdragen no. 6 tot de kennis der boomsoorten op Java. Meded. Lands Plantentuin 40: 110–113.
- Korthals, P.W. 1847. Bijdragen tot de kennis der Myrtaceae. Ned. Kruidk. Arch. 1: 202.
- Kuntze, O. 1891. Revisio generum plantarum 1: 239. Leipzig, etc.
- Merrill, E.D. 1923. An enumeration of Philippine flowering plants 3: 368. Manila.
- Merrill, E.D. 1950. Readjustments in the nomenclature of Philippine *Eugenia* species. Philipp. J. Sci. 79: 392–393.
- Merrill, E.D. & L.M. Perry. 1939. The myrtaceous genus *Syzygium* Gaertner in Borneo. Mem. Amer. Acad. Arts 18; Mem. Gray Herb. 4: 141, 176.
- Miquel, F.A.W. 1855. Flora van Nederlandsch Indië 1, 1: 428. Amsterdam, etc.
- Robinson, C.B. 1909. A preliminary revision of Philippine Myrtaceae. Philipp. J. Sci., Bot. 4: 368.
- Swartz, O. 1788. Flora indiae occidentalis: 78. London.
- Turner, I.M. 1996. What should the kelat trees of Malaya be called? J. Singapore Natl. Acad. Sci. 22–23: 15.
- Turner, I.M. 1997 ('1995'). A catalogue of the vascular plants of Malaya. Gard. Bull. Singapore 47: 376.
- Wallich, N. 1831. A numerical list of dried specimens ...: no. 3604. London.