REVIEW

KAREN L. WILSON & DAVID A. MORRISON: Monocots. Systematics and Evolution. CSIRO Publishing, Collingwood, Victoria, Australia, 2000. xiv + 738 pp., illus. ISBN 0-643-06437-0. Price: USD 170. [As a set with: Grasses. Systematics and Evolution: ISBN 0-643-06393-5. Price: USD 280. (See also Book Notices on p. 426.)]

This book contains a wealth of information on Monocotyledons. The papers are based on presentations at the Second International Conference on Comparative Biology of the Monocotyledons, Monocots II, held in Sydney, Australia in 1998, but many have been updated or extended to take into account new information.

The book is divided into three main sections: General Comparative Biology of the Monocots (33 papers), Systematics of the Lilioides (18 papers), and Systematics of the Commelinoids (29 papers). General Comparative Biology of the Monocots covers the fields: Higher level systematics and new classifications; Biogeography and Fossils; Development and Organisation; Chemotaxonomy and Cytology; Anatomy and Embryology; and Reproductive biology. Systematics of the Lilioides contains accounts on Asparagales, Liliales, Orchidaceae, Dioscoreales, and Pandales. Systematics of the Commelinoids gives papers on Arecales (Palms), Commelinales, Poales (Bromeliaceae, Eriocaulaceae, Cyperaceae, Restoniaceae), and Zingiberales. As may be clear from the various fields covered in General Comparative Biology a very wide range of data sets is discussed. In the sections on Systematics most papers discuss systematics and phylogeny using phylogenies based on DNA sequences, macromorphological and anatomical characters.

The wide range of taxa, subjects, research method, etc. makes it difficult to give a brief appraisal of the volume. However, the book is beautifully produced and in all aspects a major addition to the literature on Monocots.